Short-Term Disability Benefits

Employee Summary Plan Description (SPD)

Group Name: Oakland Community College

Group Number: EAB1000162

Class: Administrative Services Only (ASO)

SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Plan Sponsor, (referred to as the Employer) establishes this Short Term Disability Plan (referred to as the Plan) for certain Plan Participants (referred to as Employees) for injury and sickness while the employee is participating in the Plan. The Employer has full responsibility for payment of any benefits due according to the terms and conditions of the Plan.

Dearborn Life Insurance Company is the Claims Administrator under this arrangement. As the Claims Administrator, it administers the benefits under the Plan. The claims office address is:

Dearborn Life Insurance CompanyTM
701 East 22nd Street
Lombard, Illinois 60148
1-800-348-4512

The Plan is an "employee welfare benefit plan," ("Plan") as defined in Section 3(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA").

This document serves to provide important information about the Plan. It is not the entire Plan document, but a summary of important information about the Plan. In addition to this summary plan description ("SPD"), ERISA requires that you receive a Statement of ERISA Rights, a description of Claim Procedures, and other specific information about the Plan. Your employer or Plan Administrator maintains the full Plan Document. If there is a conflict between the Plan Document and this SPD, the Plan Document controls. A copy of the Plan Document is available for review during normal working hours in the office of the Plan Administrator.

SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION		
1.	PLAN NAME: If different, the name by which the Plan is commonly known.	Group STD Plan
2.	PLAN TYPE:	Welfare Benefit Plan providing Group Short Term Disability
3.	PLAN SPONSOR/EMPLOYER'S NAME AND ADDRESS: Name and address of employer sponsoring the Plan or employee organization maintaining the Plan	2480 Opdyke Road Bloomfield Hills, Michigan 48034
4.	EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN): Employer identification number assigned by the IRS to the Plan Sponsor	38-1751522
5.	PLAN NUMBER: Number assigned by the Plan Sponsor. This number is used for Form 5500 reporting. Each Plan should be assigned a unique number that is not used more than once.	
6.	ERISA PLAN YEAR ENDS ON EACH: This is the end of the Plan Year for maintaining the Plan's fiscal records.	
7.	PLAN ADMINISTRATOR'S NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER:	Name Address 1 Address 2 Phone

8.	AGENT FOR SERVICE OF LEGAL PROCESS ON THE PLAN:	Name
9.	SOURCES OF FUNDING AND CONTRIBUTIONS: Contributions are, for example, employer, employee organization or employee contributions and the method by which the amount of the contributions is calculated. Funding is the medium by which the Plan is funded.	The Plan is funded as a self-insured plan. The Employer pays the cost of the coverage, but may allocate part of the cost to the employee. The Employer determines the method of funding and contributions, if any, to be made by the participants.
10.	TYPE OF ADMINISTRATION:	This plan is administrated by the Plan Administrator with benefits provided in accordance with the provisions of the applicable Plan Document.
11.	CLAIM ADMINISTRATION:	The Claim Administrator is not the "plan administrator" of your Plan, as defined in Section 3(16)(A) of ERISA. The Plan Administrator has selected Dearborn Life Insurance Company as the claims administrator of your Plan and has delegated to the Claims Administrator the authority and discretion to administer the terms of the applicable benefit provisions such as making initial claim determinations concerning the availability of benefits, and the final review and benefit determinations for appealed claims.
12.	EACH TRUSTEE'S NAME, TITLE, AND ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: This is only applicable if the Plan has trustees.	
13.	LABOR ORGANIZATION: This is applicable if the Plan is subject to a CBA.	
14.	PLAN AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION PROCEDURE:	The Employer reserves full authority, at its sole discretion, to terminate, suspend, withdraw, reduce, amend or modify the Plan (including any related documents and underlying policies), in whole or in part, at any time, without prior notice. Any amendment, modification, or termination must be in writing and endorsed on or attached to the Plan. The Employer also reserves the right to adjust your share of the cost to continue coverage by the same procedures.
15.	ELIGIBILITY FOR PARTICIPATION AND BENEFITS:	These requirements are found in the Benefit Booklet incorporated herein by reference.
16.	CIRCUMSTANCES CONCERNING INELIGIBILITY, DISQUALIFICATION, OR DENIAL OR LOSS OF BENEFITS:	These requirements are found in the Benefit Booklet incorporated herein by reference.

17. CLAIMS PROCEDURES:

The procedures which govern claims for benefits and requests for review of denied claims.

The Plan's claims procedures are furnished automatically, without charge, as a separate document. Refer to the ERISA Information Statement incorporated herein by reference.

If you have any questions about your Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator.

Benefit Booklet Group Short Term Disability Plan

Group Name:

Group Number:

Class: Administrative Services Only (ASO)

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SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

Employer:

Covered Subsidiaries/Affiliates None

Group Number: EAB1000162

Plan Effective Date: 1/1/20

Plan: Short Term Disability Plan

Eligible Class: All full-time Faculty *Employees* who have completed the Waiting Period and

are *Actively at Work* for the *Employer* are eligible for participation. A full-time *Employee* is one who regularly works a minimum of 30 hours per week for the *Employer*. Part-time, seasonal and temporary employees are not

eligible.

Eligibility Waiting Period: First of the month follow 0 days of active, full-time work

STD Weekly Benefit: 70% of Your Weekly Earnings to a weekly maximum of \$5,000

Elimination Period: 21 Days - Injury

21 Days - Sickness

Day Benefits Begin: Day 22 of Disability due to *Injury*

Day 22 of Disability due to Sickness

Maximum Period Payable: 13 Weeks following the Elimination Period or until benefits become payable

under the Long Term Disability plan, whichever occurs first

ELIGIBILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE PROVISIONS

Who is eligible to participate in this Plan?

All *Employees* who belong to an eligible class and work the minimum number of hours as set forth in the *Schedule of Benefits* in this booklet are eligible. An *Employee* must be *Actively at Work* to be eligible.

When does *Your* participation in the Plan become effective?

If You are an eligible Employee, Your participation will become effective on the date indicated in the Schedule of Benefits, provided You are Actively at Work on that day.

You must be Actively at Work for your participation to become effective.

If You are not Actively at Work, when does participation become effective?

If *You* are absent from *Active Work* on the date *Your* participation would otherwise become effective; and *Your* absence is caused by an injury, illness or layoff,

Your effective date for any initial participation will be deferred until the first day You return to Active Work. However, You will be considered Actively at Work on any day that is not Your regularly scheduled work day (including but not limited to a weekend, vacation or holiday) if You were Actively at Work on the immediately preceding scheduled work day and You were:

- 1. not Hospital Confined; or
- 2. disabled due to an *Injury or Sickness*.

Who pays for Your participation?

The *Employer* pays the entire cost for *Your* participation.

Eligibility after You Terminate Employment

If *Your* participation ends due to termination of employment, *You* must meet all the requirements of a new *Employee* if *You* are rehired at a later date.

Exception: If Your participation ends due to termination of employment and You return to Active Work in an eligible class within 6 months, You will not be subject to a new Eligibility Waiting Period.

Exception: If Your participation ends due to termination of employment and You return to Active Work in an eligible class within 9 months, You will not be subject to a new Eligibility Waiting Period.

Exception: If Your participation ends due to termination of employment and You return to Active Work in an eligible class within 12 months, You will not be subject to a new Eligibility Waiting Period.

SHORT TERM DISABILITY BENEFITS

How is *Disability* defined?

Disability or **Disabled** means that You satisfy the definition of either Total Disability or Partial Disability and You are receiving Appropriate and Regular Care for Your condition from a Doctor.

Unless periods of *Disability* are separated by *Your* return to *Active Work* for at least 14 consecutive days, successive periods of *Disability* resulting from injuries received in any one *Accident* or from any one *Sickness* or related *Sicknesses* will be considered one period of *Disability*.

How is *Total Disability* defined?

Total Disability or **Totally Disabled** means that due to *Sickness* or *Injury You* are continuously unable to perform the *Material and Substantial Duties* of *Your Regular Occupation*, and *Your Disability Earnings*, if any, are less than 20% of *Your* pre-disability *Weekly Earnings*.

How is Partial Disability defined?

Partial Disability or Partially Disabled means that:

- 1. During the *Elimination Period You* are able to perform some but not all of the *Material & Substantial Duties* of *Your Regular Occupation*; and
- 2. After the *Elimination Period*, due to *Injury* or *Sickness, You* are able to perform some but not all of the *Material and Substantial Duties of Your Regular Occupation*, and *Your Disability Earnings*, if any, are at least 20% but less than or equal to 80% of *Your* pre-disability *Weekly Earnings*.

You will no longer be considered Partially Disabled when You are able to increase Your current earnings by increasing the number of hours You work or the number of duties You perform in Your Regular Occupation but You do not do so.

Loss of Professional License or Certification

If *You* require a professional license or certification for *Your* occupation, loss of that professional license or certification does not in and of itself constitute *Disability*.

What is the *Elimination Period* and how is it satisfied?

The *Elimination Period* is a period of continuous *Disability* which must be satisfied before *You* are eligible to receive benefits. It is shown in the *Schedule of Benefits* and begins on *Your Date of Disability*.

If *You* temporarily recover and return to work, *Your Disability* will be treated as continuous if *You* return to work for a period of less than or equal to one-half the *Elimination Period* rounded up to the next whole number, not to exceed 14 days. The days that *You* are not *Disabled* will not count toward *Your Elimination Period*.

If *You* return to work for a period greater than one-half the *Elimination Period*, or 14 days, whichever is less, and become *Disabled* again, *You* will have to begin a new *Elimination Period*.

Can You satisfy Your Elimination Period if You are working?

You can satisfy Your Elimination Period if You are working, provided You meet the definition of Disability.

What Disability Benefit are You eligible to receive?

If *You* are *Disabled* and receiving *Appropriate and Regular Care* for *Your* condition from a *Doctor* while participating in the Plan, *You* are eligible to receive one of the following at any given time:

- 1. an STD Weekly Benefit; or
- 2. a Work Incentive Benefit.

While You are Disabled, You might be eligible to receive one or the other of the above, but You cannot receive more than one of these benefits at the same time.

What is Your STD Weekly Benefit and how is it calculated?

Your STD Weekly Benefit will be based on Your Weekly Earnings as reported by Your Employer. An STD Weekly Benefit will be payable after the end of the Elimination Period if You are Disabled.

Your Net STD Weekly Benefit amount will be calculated as follows:

- 1. Multiply *Your Weekly Earnings* by the STD Benefit Percentage, shown on the *Schedule of Benefits*.
- 2. Find the maximum *Gross STD Weekly Benefit* as shown on the *Schedule of Benefits*.
- 3. Compare the answers from Item 1 and Item 2. The lesser of these two amounts is *Your Gross STD Weekly Benefit*.
- 4. Subtract the Deductible Sources of Income from *Your Gross STD Weekly Benefit*. The resulting figure is *Your Net STD Weekly Benefit*.

If a benefit is payable for less than one week, STD Weekly Benefit payments will be made at a daily rate of $1/7^{th}$ the weekly benefit.

If You are receiving any compensation from Your Employer, including, but not limited to:

- 1. Salary Continuation;
- 2. sick leave benefits; or
- 3. Paid Time Off (PTO); or
- 4. vacation pay,

STD Weekly Benefit payments will not begin until such compensation payments cease.

Can You work and still receive benefits?

While Partially Disabled, You may qualify for the Work Incentive Benefit.

What is the Work Incentive Benefit and how is it calculated?

You will receive a Work Incentive Benefit if You are Partially Disabled and Gainfully Employed after the end of the Elimination Period, or after a period during which You received STD Weekly Benefits.

The Work Incentive Benefit/Partial Disability Benefit will be the lesser of:

- 1. the Maximum Weekly Benefit shown in the Schedule of Benefits; or
- 2. the Employee's Pre-disability Earnings minus his Partial Disability income.

The payment of a Work Incentive Benefit, combined with *Your STD Weekly Benefit*, will not extend the *Maximum Period Payable*, as shown on the *Schedule of Benefits*.

What are the Deductible Sources of Income?

Your Gross STD Weekly Benefit will be reduced by:

- 1. Disability benefits paid, payable or for which *You* are eligible under:
 - a. any state compulsory disability benefit Act or Law.
 - b. any group insurance plan provided by or through the *Employer*.
 - c. any State Teachers Retirement System, Public Employees Retirement System or School Employees Retirement System.
 - d. the Social Security *Act*, including any amounts for which *Your* dependents may qualify because of *Your Disability*.
 - e. the Canada Pension Plan, Quebec Pension Plan, or any other similar disability or pension plan or act.
 - f. the Canada Old Age Security Act.
 - g. any Workers' Compensation or Occupational Disease *Act* or *Law*, or any other *Law* which provides compensation for an occupational *Injury* or *Sickness*.
 - Denial of Workers' Compensation will not result in the payment of benefits under the Plan if *Your Disability* resulted from an occupational *Sickness* or *Injury*. Benefits are also not payable under the Plan if *You* are entitled to participate in Workers' Compensation and choose not to do so.
- 2. Retirement benefits paid under the Social Security Act including any amounts for which *Your* dependents may qualify because of *Your* retirement;
- 3. Retirement and *Disability* benefits paid under a Retirement Plan provided by the Plan Sponsor except for amounts attributable to *Your* contributions;
- 4. Disability benefits paid under any No Fault Auto Motor Vehicle coverage;
- 5. Amounts received from a third party (after subtracting attorney's fees) by judgment, settlement or otherwise, not to exceed 50% of the net settlement.

Act or Law means the original enactment of the law or act and all amendments.

Proration of Lump Sum Awards

If any Deductible Source of Income described above is paid in a single sum through compromise settlement or as an advance on future liability, *We* will determine the amount of reduction to *Your Gross STD Weekly Benefit* as follows:

- 1. We will divide the amount paid by the number of weeks for which the settlement or advance was provided; or
- 2. If the number of weeks for which the settlement or advance is made is not known, We will divide the amount of the settlement or advance by the expected remaining number of weeks for which We will provide benefits for Your Disability based on the Proof of Disability which We have, subject to a maximum of 26 weeks.

What other sources of income are not deductible?

Your Gross STD Weekly Benefit under the Plan will not be reduced by any of the following:

- 1. deferred compensation arrangements such as 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plans;
- 2. credit disability insurance;
- 3. pension plans for partners;
- 4. military pension and Disability income plans;

- 5. franchise disability income plans;
- 6. individual disability income plans;
- 7. a retirement plan from another Employer;
- 8. profit sharing plans;
- 9. thrift or savings plans;
- 10. individual retirement account (IRA);
- 11. tax sheltered annuity (TSA);
- 12. stock ownership plan.

What happens if Your Deductible Sources of Income increase?

The *Net STD Weekly Benefit* will not be further reduced for subsequent cost-of-living increases which are paid, payable, or for which *You* or *Your* dependents are eligible under any Deductible Source of Income shown above.

How long will You receive benefits?

You will receive a payment for each week of *Disability* up to the *Maximum Period Payable* as shown in the *Schedule of Benefits*. Payment of benefits is also subject to any benefit duration limitation pertaining to *Your Disability*. *Your* benefits will cease on the earliest of:

- 1. the date this Plan terminates;
- 2. the date this Plan no longer available for *Your* class;
- 3. the date You are no longer Disabled;
- 4. the end of the Maximum Period Payable;
- 5. the date on which *You* return to work for the *Employer* in any capacity, unless as part of the *Work Incentive Benefit;*
- 6. the date on which You begin to receive benefits under any retirement plan sponsored by the Employer; or
- 7. the date *You* die.

What happens if Your Disability recurs?

If *Disability* for which benefits were payable ends but recurs due to the same or related causes less than 14 days after the end of a prior *Disability*, it will be considered a resumption of the prior *Disability*. Such recurrent *Disability* shall be subject to the provisions of the Plan that were in effect at the time the prior *Disability* began.

Disability which recurs more than 14 days after the end of a prior Disability is subject to:

- 1. a new Elimination Period:
- 2. a new Maximum Period Payable; and
- 3. the other provisions of the Plan that are in effect on the date the *Disability* recurs.

Disability must recur while You are participating in the Plan.

EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

What are the exclusions and limitations under the Plan?

The Plan does not cover any loss or *Disability* caused by, resulting from, arising out of or substantially contributed to, directly or indirectly, by any one or more of the following:

- 1. loss of professional license, occupational license or certification;
- 2. commission of, participation in, or an attempt to commit an assault or felony;
- 3. intentionally self-inflicted injuries;
- 4. attempted suicide, regardless of mental capacity;
- 5. Cosmetic Surgery except when required due to Injury or Sickness;
- 6. Occupational Injury or Sickness;
- 7. participation in a war, declared or undeclared, or any act of war.

Furthermore:

- 1. Benefits are not payable if *Your Disability Earnings* exceed 80% of *Your* pre-disability *Weekly Earnings*.
- 2. Benefits are not payable if *You* are able to return to work in *Your Regular Occupation* on a part-time basis but *You* do not.
- 3. Benefits are not payable for any period during which *You* are confined to a penal or correctional institution if the period of confinement exceeds 30 days.

TERMINATION OF PLAN PARTICIPATION

When will *Your* participation in the Plan terminate?

Your participation will terminate on the earliest of the following dates:

- 1. the date on which the Plan is terminated; or
- 2. the date You stop making any required contribution toward payment of premiums, if applicable; or
- 3. the date *You*:
 - a. are no longer a member of a class eligible to participate, or
 - c. are retired or pensioned, or
 - d. are no longer *Actively at Work* because of a leave of absence, furlough, layoff, or temporary work stoppage due to a labor dispute.

If you are no longer Actively at Work as a result of layoff or leave of absence and you are Totally Disabled on the date layoff or leave of absence begins, We will pay disability benefits up to the maximum period set forth in the Schedule of Benefits.

Termination of the Plan will not affect *Your* claim for a loss which began while the Plan was in force.

FILING A CLAIM

What are the Claim Filing Requirements?

Initial Notice of Claim

You should notify the Claims Administrator of Your claim as soon as possible, so that the Claims Administrator may make a timely decision on Your claim. Your Employer can assist You with the appropriate telephone number and address of the Claims Administrator's Claim Department. You must send the Claims Administrator written notice of Your Disability within 30 days of the Date of Disability, or as soon as reasonably possible. Notice may be sent to the Claim Department at the address shown on the claim form.

Telephonic Claim Notification

In lieu of written Proof of Claim, the Claims Administrator may accept telephonic notice and Proof. All time limits applicable to the filing of Proof of Disability and commencement of Legal Actions shall apply to notice and proof filed by telephone or other means acceptable to the Claims Administrator.

Time Limit for Filing Your Claim

You must furnish the Claims Administrator with written proof of loss within 30 days after Your last day worked.

Proof of Disability

The following items, supplied at *Your* expense, must be a part of *Your* proof of loss. Failure to provide complete proof of loss may delay, suspend or terminate *Your* benefits.

- 1. The date Your Disability began;
- 2. The cause of Your Disability;
- 3. The prognosis of *Your Disability*;
- 4. Proof that *You* are receiving *Appropriate and Regular Care* for *Your* condition from a *Doctor*, who is someone other than *You* or a member of *Your* immediate family, whose specialty or expertise is the most appropriate for *Your* disabling condition(s) according to *Generally Accepted Medical Practice*.
- 5. Objective medical findings which support *Your Disability*. Objective medical findings include but are not limited to tests, procedures, or clinical examinations standardly accepted in the practice of medicine, for *Your* disabling condition(s).
- 6. The extent of *Your Disability*, including restrictions and limitations which are preventing *You* from performing *Your Regular Occupation*.
- 7. Appropriate documentation of Your Weekly Earnings.
- 8. If *You* were contributing to the premium cost, the *Employer* must supply proof of *Your* appropriate payroll deductions.
- 9. The name and address of any hospital or health care facility where *You* have been treated for *Your Disability*.
- 10. If applicable, proof of incurred costs covered under other benefit provisions under the Plan.

Continuing Proof of Disability

You may be asked to submit proof that You continue to be Disabled and are continuing to receive Appropriate and Regular Care of a Doctor. Requests of this nature will only be made as often as reasonably necessary. If required, this will be at Your expense and must be received within 45 days of the Claims Administrator's request. Failure to comply with such a request may delay, suspend or terminate Your benefits.

Examination

At the Plan Administrator's expense, the Claims Administrator has the right to have *You* examined as often as reasonably necessary while the claim continues. Failure to comply with this examination may result in denial, suspension or termination of benefits, unless the Claims Administrator agrees *You* have a valid and acceptable reason for not complying.

Authorization and Documentation You will be asked to supply

- 1. You will be required to provide signed authorization for the Claims Administrator to obtain and release all reasonably necessary medical, financial or other non-medical information in support of Your Disability claim. Failure to submit this information may deny, suspend or terminate Your benefits.
- 2. *You* will be required to supply proof that *You* have applied for other Deductible Sources of Income such as Workers' Compensation or Social Security *Disability* benefits, when applicable.
- 3. *You* will be required to notify the Claims Administrator when *You* receive or are awarded other Deductible Sources of Income. *You* must provide the nature of the Deductible Source of Income, the amount received, the period to which the benefit applies, and the duration of the benefit if it is being paid in installments.

Time of Payment of Claim

As soon as the Claims Administrator has all necessary substantiating documentation for *Your Disability* claim, *Your* benefit will be paid at least as frequently as once every two weeks, as long as *You* continue to qualify for it.

Benefits will be paid to *You* unless otherwise indicated. If *You* die while *Your* claim is open, any due and unpaid *Disability* benefit will be paid to the surviving person or persons in the first of the following classes of successive preference beneficiaries: *Your*: 1) *Spouse*; 2) children including legally adopted children; 3) parents; or 4) *Your* estate.

If any benefit is payable to an estate, a minor or a person not competent to give a valid release, the Plan may pay up to \$1,000 to any relative or beneficiary of *Yours* whom may be entitled to this amount. The Plan will be discharged to the extent of such payment made in good faith.

Can You assign Your benefits?

Your benefits are not assignable, which means that You may not transfer Your benefits to anyone else.

What will happen if a claim is overpaid?

A claim overpayment can occur when *You* receive a retroactive payment from a *Deductible Source of Income*, when an error is inadvertently made in the calculation of *Your* claim; or if fraud occurs. The overpayment amount equals the amount paid in excess of the amount that should have been paid under the Plan.

The Plan has the right to recover from *You* any amount that is an overpayment of benefits under the Plan. *You* must refund to the Plan the overpaid amount. The Plan may also, without forfeiting its right to collect an overpayment through any means legally available, recover all or any portion of an overpayment by reducing or withholding future benefit payments.

In an overpayment situation, the Plan Administrator will determine the method by which the repayment is made. *You* will be required to sign an agreement which details the source of the overpayment, the total amount that will be recovered and the method of recovery.

DEFINITIONS

The following are key words and phrases used in this certificate. When these words and phrases, or forms of them, are used, they are capitalized and italicized in the text. As *You* read this Benefit Booklet, refer to these definitions.

Accident or Accidental means a sudden, unexpected event that was not reasonably foreseeable.

Actively at Work or Active Work means that You must be:

- 1. working for the *Employer* on a full-time active basis; or
- 2. working at least the minimum number of hours shown in the Schedule of Benefits: and either:
 - a. working at the Employer's usual place of business; or
 - b. working at a location to which the *Employer's* business requires *You* to travel;
- 3. a legal citizen or resident of the United States of America or Canada;
- 4. are paid regular earnings by the *Employer*, and
- 5. not a temporary or seasonal employee.

You will be considered Actively at Work if You were actually at work on the day immediately preceding:

- 1. a weekend (except for one or both of these days if they are scheduled days of work);
- 2. holidays (except when such holiday is a scheduled work day);
- 3. paid vacations;
- 4. any non-scheduled work day;
- 5. excused leave of absence (except medical leave and lay-off); and
- 6. emergency leave of absence (except emergency medical leave); and

You were not Hospital Confined or disabled due to an Injury or Sickness.

Act or Law means the original enactment of the law or act and all amendments.

Appropriate and Regular Care means that You are regularly visiting a Doctor as frequently as medically required to meet Your basic health needs. The effect of the care should be of demonstrable medical value for Your disabling condition(s) to effectively attain and/or maintain Maximum Medical Improvement.

Cosmetic Surgery means any procedure which is directed at improving a person's appearance and does not meaningfully promote the proper function of the body or prevent or treat illness or disease.

Date of Disability means the date the Claims Administrator determines that You are Disabled. 00054

Disability Earnings means the wage or salary *You* earn from *Gainful Employment* after a *Disability* begins. Any lump sum payment will be prorated, based on the time over which it accrued or the period for which it was paid.

If Your Disability Earnings routinely fluctuate widely from week to week, the Claims Administrator may average Your Disability Earnings over the most recent three weeks to determine if Your claim should continue. If the Claims Administrator averages Your Disability Earnings, Your claim will not be terminated unless the average of Your Disability Earnings from the last three weeks exceeds 80% of Your Weekly Earnings.

Doctor means a person legally licensed to practice medicine, psychiatry, psychology or psychotherapy, who is neither *You* nor a member of *Your* immediate family. A licensed medical practitioner is a *Doctor* if applicable state law requires that such practitioners be recognized for purposes of certification of *Disability*, and the treatment provided by the practitioner is within the scope of his or her license.

Domestic Partner means an adult of the same or opposite gender who has executed a *Domestic Partner* affidavit, or who has an emotional, physical and financial relationship to *You*, similar to that of a *Spouse*, as evidenced by the following:

- 1. You and Your Domestic Partner share financial responsibility for a joint household and intend to continue an exclusive relationship indefinitely;
- 2. You and Your Domestic Partner each are at least eighteen (18) years of age;
- 3. You and Your Domestic Partner are both mentally competent to enter into a binding contract;
- 4. You and Your Domestic Partner share a residence and have done so for at least 12 months;
- 5. Neither You nor Your Domestic Partner are married to or legally separated from anyone else;
- 6. You and Your Domestic Partner are not related to one another by blood closer than would bar marriage; and

Neither You nor Your Domestic Partner is a Domestic Partner of anyone else.

Where the laws of the governing jurisdiction mandate a definition of *Domestic Partner* other than shown above, that definition will be used in the Benefit Booklet.

Elimination Period means the number of calendar days at the beginning of a continuous period of *Disability* for which no benefits are payable. The *Elimination Period* is shown in the *Schedule of Benefits*.

Employee means an *Actively at Work* full-time employee whose principal employment is with the *Employer*, at the *Employer*'s usual place of business or such place(s) that the *Employer*'s normal course of business may require, who is *Actively at Work* for the minimum hours per week as stated in the *Schedule of Benefits* and is reported on the *Employer*'s records for Social Security and withholding tax purposes.

Employer means the person, firm, or institution named in the Schedule of Benefits, including any covered subsidiaries or affiliates named in the Schedule of Benefits.

Gainful Employment or *Gainfully Employed* means the performance of any occupation for wages, remuneration or profit, for which *You* are qualified by education, training or experience on a full-time or part-time basis.

Generally Accepted Medical Practice means care and treatment which is consistent with relevant guidelines of national medical, research and health care coverage organizations and governmental agencies.

Gross STD Weekly Benefit means that benefit shown in the Schedule of Benefits which applies to You.

Hospital means either of the following:

- 1. A licensed hospital which
 - a. maintains on the premises all facilities necessary for major surgical treatment,
 - b. provides such treatment on an inpatient basis for compensation under the full-time supervision of licensed physicians, and
 - c. provides 24-hour service by registered graduate nurses.
- 2. A free-standing surgical facility which maintains on the premises all facilities necessary for major surgical treatment.

The term *Hospital* does not include an institution which is primarily a place for rest or convalescence, a place for the aged, a nursing home, a place for the treatment of alcohol or drug abuse or any facility primarily affording custodial, educational, or rehabilitative care.

Injury means bodily injury that is the direct result of an *Accident* and not related to any other cause. The *Injury* must occur, and *Disability* resulting from the *Injury* must begin while *You* are participation in the Plan. *Injury* that occurs before *Your* participation in the Plan will be treated as a *Sickness*.

Male pronoun, whenever used, includes the female.

Material and Substantial Duties means duties that:

- 1. are normally required for the performance of Your Regular Occupation; and
- 2. cannot be reasonably omitted or modified, except that if *You* are required to work on average in excess of 40 hours per week, the Claims Administrator will consider *You* able to perform that requirement if *You* have the capacity to work 40 hours.

Maximum Medical Improvement is the level at which, based on reasonable medical probability, further material recovery from, or lasting improvement to, an *Injury* or *Sickness* can no longer be reasonably anticipated.

Maximum Period Payable, as shown in the *Schedule of Benefits*, means the longest period of time that *You* will receive payments for any one period of *Disability*.

Net STD Weekly Benefit means the Gross STD Weekly Benefit less the Deductible Sources of Income.

Regular Occupation means the occupation that *You* are routinely performing when *Your Disability* begins. The Claims Administrator will look at *Your* occupation as it is normally performed in the national economy, instead of how the work tasks are performed for a specific *Employer* or at a specific location.

Schedule of Benefits means the schedule which is a part of this Benefit Booklet.

Sickness means sickness or disease causing Disability which begins while You are participating in the Plan.

Spouse means lawful spouse. Spouse will include Your Domestic Partner.

STD means Short Term Disability.

STD Weekly Benefit means the STD Weekly Benefit shown in the Schedule of Benefits which applies to You.

Waiting Period as shown in the *Schedule of Benefits* means the continuous length of time immediately before *Your* Effective Date during which *You* must be in an Eligible Class.

Weekly Earnings means *Your* gross weekly income from Your Employer in effect just prior to Your Date of Disability. It includes Your total income before taxes and any deductions made for pre-tax contributions to a qualified deferred compensation plan, Section 125 plan, or flexible spending account. It does not include income received from commissions, bonuses, overtime pay, any other extra compensation, or income received from sources other than Your Employer.

You, Your and Yours means the Employee to whom this Benefit Booklet has been issued.

END OF BENEFIT BOOKLET

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

As a participant in the plan you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

1. Receive Information about Your Plan and Benefits

- a. Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Pension and Welfare Benefit Administration.
- b. Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- c. Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

2. Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate your plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

3. Enforce Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in federal court. In such case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees if, for example, it finds your claims are frivolous.

4. Assistance with Your Questions

If you have any questions about your plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefit Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, Washington, D.C. 20210. You may obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publication hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

ERISA INFORMATION STATEMENT

The short term disability benefits described in your Benefit Booklet are provided pursuant to an "employee welfare benefit plan" ("the Plan") as defined in Section 3(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA") established by your employer ("the Company").

Every employee welfare benefit plan must be established and maintained pursuant to a written instrument that provides for a plan administrator. Your plan administrator has delegated the authority to administer claims under the Plan to Dearborn Life Insurance Company. The Claims Administrator will make decisions concerning eligibility and benefit determinations in accordance with the Plan provisions.

A. ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN

The plan administrator is the person or entity responsible for the administration of the Plan. The plan administrator has full discretionary authority and control over the Plan. This authority provides the Plan Administrator with the power necessary to operate, manage and administer the Plan. This authority includes, but is not limited to, the power to interpret the Plan and determine who is eligible to participate, to determine the amount of benefits that may be paid to a participant or his or her beneficiary, and the status and rights of participants and beneficiaries. The Plan Administrator also has the authority to prescribe the rules and procedures under which the Plan shall operate, to request information, and to employ or appoint persons to aid the plan administrator in the administration of the Plan.

Failure by the Plan or the plan administrator to insist upon compliance with any provisions of the Plan at any time or under any set of circumstances shall not operate to waive or modify the provision or in any manner render it unenforceable as to any other time or as to any other occurrence, whether the circumstances are or are not the same. No waiver of any term or condition of the Plan shall be valid unless contained in a written memorandum expressing the waiver and signed by the person authorized by the plan administrator to sign the waiver.

The Plan may be amended, terminated or suspended in whole or in part, at any time without the consent of the employees or beneficiaries. Any amendment, termination or suspension shall be in writing, and attached to the Plan. Any amendment, termination or suspension shall be executed according to the Employer's authorized procedures. Any such authorization may be specific to the Plan or persons authorized to act on behalf of the Employer or may be general as to duties of such person.

The Plan has other fiduciaries, advisors and service providers. The plan administrator may allocate fiduciary responsibility among the Plan's fiduciaries and may delegate responsibilities to others. Any allocation or delegation must be done in writing and kept with the records of the Plan. The plan administrator shall, with respect to the Plan:

- resolve all matters when a review pursuant to the claims procedures has been requested;
- interpret, establish and enforce rules and procedures for the administration of the Plan and any claim under it; and
- determine eligibility of employees and dependents for benefits and their entitlement to and the amount of benefits.

Each fiduciary is solely responsible for its own improper acts or omissions. Except to the extent required by ERISA, no fiduciary has the duty to question whether any other fiduciary is fulfilling all of the responsibilities imposed upon the other fiduciary by law. Nor is a fiduciary liable for a breach of fiduciary duty committed before it became, or after it stopped being, a fiduciary. However, a fiduciary may be liable for a breach of fiduciary responsibility of any Plan fiduciary, to the extent provided in ERISA Section 405(a). The Employer makes no promise to continue these benefits in the future and rights to future benefits will never vest. Retirement does not give any retiree any vested right to continue to participate or receive Plan benefits, except as provided for in the Plan.

B. CLAIMS PROCEDURE:

When you or your Beneficiary are eligible to receive benefits, you or your Beneficiary, or your authorized representative (collectively, "you") must follow the claim procedures described in your Benefit Booklet by submitting the proper form in writing to the Claims Administrator at:

Claim Department
Dearborn Life Insurance Company
701 East 22nd Street
Lombard, IL. 60148
1-800-348-4512

For the purpose of this Section, including Subsections 1 and 2 below, the terms "written" and "in writing" include "electronic." Any action required to be "written" or "in writing," may be done electronically, where available. If the Claims Administrator uses electronic notices, it will do so in accordance with 29 CFR 2520.104b-1c(i), (iii) and (iv).

The Claims Administrator will give you a written response to your claim, usually within 45 days. The time for decision may be extended for two additional 30 day periods provided that, prior to any extension period, the Claims Administrator notifies you in writing that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan, identifies those matters and gives the date by which it expects to render its decision. If the extension is due to your failure to submit information necessary to decide your claim, the time for decision shall be tolled from the date on which we send you notice of the extension until the date we receive your response to our request. This period will be no longer than 45 days after we have requested the information. At that time we will decide your claim based on the information we have at that time.

If the claim is denied, in whole or in part, you will receive a written notice giving the following:

- the reason for the denial;
- the Plan provision(s) on which the denial is based;
- an explanation of what other information, if any, may be needed to process the claim and why it is needed; and
- the steps that you have to follow to have the claim reviewed.

If the claim has been denied, in whole or in part, you can appeal the denial to the Claims Administrator for a full and fair review. You have at least 180 days to appeal from the claim denial.

You may:

- a. request a review upon written application within 180 days of the claim denial;
- b. request, free of charge, copies of all documents, records and other information relevant to your claim; and
- c. submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to your claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

The Claims Administrator will make a decision no more than 45 days after it receives your appeal. The time for decision may be extended for one additional 45 day period provided that, prior to the extension, the Claims Administrator notifies you in writing that an extension is necessary due to special circumstances, identifies those circumstances and gives the date by which it expects to render its decision. If your claim is extended due to your failure to submit information necessary to decide your claim on appeal, the time for your decision shall be tolled from the date on which the notification of the extension is sent to you until the date we receive your response to the request.

The decision on appeal will provide the following:

- the reason or reasons for the decision;
- the Plan provision(s) on which the decision is based;
- a statement that you are entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim for benefits; and
- a statement of the claimant's right to bring action under section 502(a) of ERISA.